

The Glue Function

An Example of How Mathematicians Think

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The Glue Function

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Function and
sequence:
different
properties

Introducing...
the glue
function!

Let's make
our function
smooth

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- 2 Introducing... the glue function!
- 3 Let's make our function smooth

Problem

Find a continuous function $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} f(n) = \infty$, but $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ does not exist.

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One function that would have such properties would be one that...

- takes consistently increasing values — let's say, for instance, $f(n) = n$ — at all natural numbers
- takes a constant value — let's say, 1 — at all half values

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One way to do this is to attach all the points with straight lines.

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Solution

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = n - \frac{1}{2} \\ (2n - 2)x - 2n^2 + 3n & \text{if } n - \frac{1}{2} < x < n \\ n & \text{if } x = n \\ (2 - 2n)x + 2n^2 - n & \text{if } n < x < n + \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & \text{if } x = n + \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

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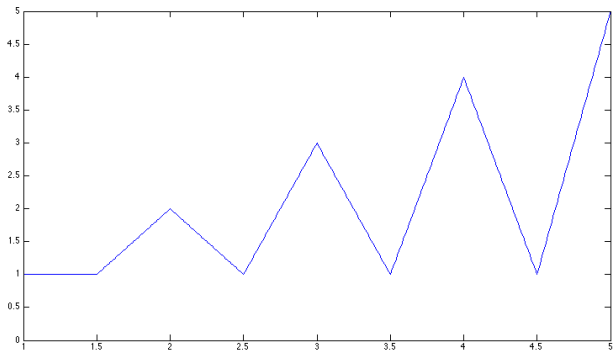


Figure: A zigzag function.

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This function is continuous, but it is not **smooth**.

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Definition (smooth)

A function is **smooth** if it is infinitely differentiable.

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Definition (glue function)

A **glue function** or **interpolating function** is a function that glues together piecewise functions smoothly.

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Definition (glue function)

A **glue function** or **interpolating function** is a function that glues together piecewise functions smoothly.

Theorem

*There exists a smooth **glue function** χ_1 such that*

$$\chi_1(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

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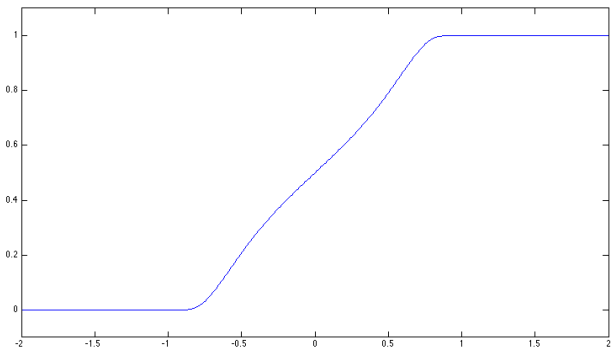


Figure: The glue function $\chi_1(x)$.

Problem

Find a smooth function $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ \sin x & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

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Use a one-half scale of the glue function to make this piecewise function smooth.

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Solution

$$f(x) = x^2 \cdot (1 - \chi_{\frac{1}{2}}(x - 1.5)) + \sin x \cdot \chi_{\frac{1}{2}}(x - 1.5)$$

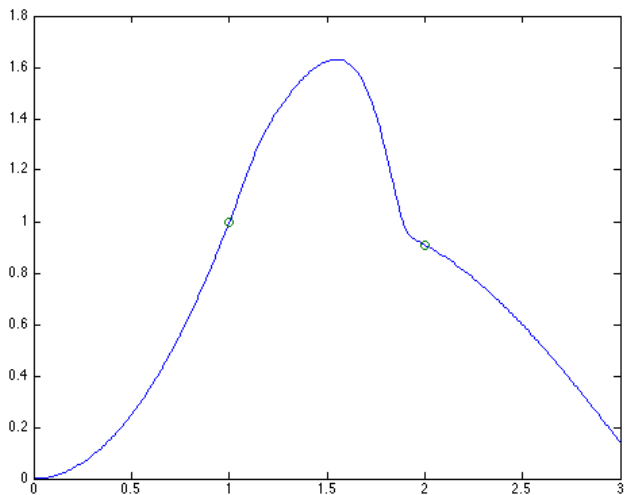
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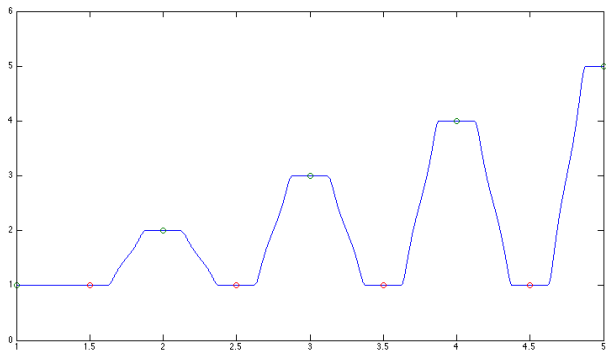


Figure: A smooth zigzag function.